

Sick Child Policy

If your child has been diagnosed with ANY communicable infections, please notify the school office.

Please have a plan in place for your child to be picked up at school if needed.

- ❶ A child with a fever of 100 degrees or above must stay at home. If a child develops a fever of 100 degrees or above during the day, she/he will be sent home. A child may return to school after they have been free from fever for 24 hours without the use of Tylenol, Motrin or any other antipyretics.
- ❷ A child who has vomited within the last 24 hours must stay at home. A child who becomes sick and vomits during the day will be sent home.
- ❸ A child with uncontrollable diarrhea (3-4 stools per hour) needs to stay at home.
- ❹ A child diagnosed with strep throat must have been treated with antibiotics for 24 hours before returning to school.
- ❺ A child diagnosed with bacterial conjunctivitis (pink eye) must have medication for 24 hours before returning to school.
- ❻ Children with viral conjunctivitis must have a doctor's release/report before returning to school.
- ❼ In order for a child diagnosed with chickenpox to return to school, the lesions must be crusted over, fading and or disappearing 24 hours prior to return to school.
- ❽ A child diagnosed with ringworm must be treated for 24 hours before returning to school and the affected area kept covered until healed.
- ❾ A child with impetigo must be free of weeping lesions. The lesions must be covered and medically treated for 24 hours before returning to school.
- ❿ A child with head lice must have been treated with a medicated shampoo before returning to school.

Children must feel well enough to participate in school.

Note: Sick children will remain in the office or workroom until he/she is picked up by a parent or guardian when he/she has a condition that may be considered contagious and easily passed from child to child.